

New Turbidity Technology from HANNA

HANNA's new HI 98703 and HI 93414 utilize an EPA compliant tungsten light source and state-of-the-art optical system that allow consistently reliable and accurate measurements of turbidity and free/total chlorine. Users will appreciate this accuracy particularly at very low turbidity levels. HI 93414 meets the requirements of EPA and Standard Methods for Turbidity and Colorimetric Chlorine Measurements.

Turbidity is measured up to 1000 NTU and free or total chlorine measurements can be made in the 0.00 to 5.00 mg/L

(ppm) range. To meet EPA reporting requirements these instruments have an EPA compliance reading mode. Depending on the measured sample and required accuracy, users can select normal measurement, continuous measurement or signal averaging.

Both models feature Hanna's new Tag Identification System (T.I.S.) which allows users to record the time and place at unlimited specific measurement locations. Logged data can be downloaded through either USB or RS 232.

Reliable performance of the instrument is validated using **HNNN**'s exclusive CAL CHECK™ system and our ready-made, NIST traceable chlorine standards. For turbidity, a two, three or four-point calibration is available using pre-set or user defined standards. Frequent calibration isn't necessary as the system compensates for variations in intensity of the light source. The instruments' Good Laboratory Practice functions allow traceability of calibration conditions including the time, date and last calibration points.





Features

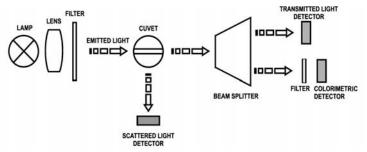
- Tungsten light source EPA compliant turbidity measurement
- High accuracy at low ranges (below 0.05 NTU)
- Exclusive chlorine Cal Check[™] calibration validation
- Exclusive T.I.S. Tag Identification System
- User replaceable light source
- 2, 3 or 4 point turbidity calibration

- USB and RS 232 connectivity
- Backlit LCD
- GLP capability
- · User friendly display with guidance codes
- Auto shut-off
- Battery percentage display
- Continuous display of current time

Turbidity

Turbidity of water is an optical property that causes light to be scattered rather than transmitted. The scattering of light that passes through a liquid is primarily caused by suspended solids. Higher turbidity means greater amounts of scattered light. No solution will have zero turbidity because even the molecules in a very pure fluid scatter light to a certain degree. The USEPA Method 180.1 specifies the key parameters for optical systems to measure drinking, saline and surface water turbidity in a 0 to 40 NTU range, using the nephelometric method.

HI 98703 and HI 93414 are designed to meet or exceed the criteria specified by the USEPA Method 180.1 and Standard Method 2130 B. Model HI 93414 is based on a state-of-the-art optical system that guarantees both high performance and reliable results: this optical system includes a tungsten filament lamp, a scattered light detector and a transmitted light detector.



The light beam that passes through a sample is scattered in all directions. The intensity and pattern of the scattered light is affected by many variables like wavelength of the incident light, particle size, shape, refractive index and color. The microprocessor of the instrument performs calculations using the signal that reaches the two detectors to display the NTU value. The optical system and measuring technique allow the compensation of lamp intensity fluctuations, minimizing the need of frequent calibration. The lower detection limit of a turbidimeter is determined by the so called "stray light". Stray light is the light detected by the sensors that is not caused by light scattering from suspended particles. The optical system of these instruments is designed to have very low stray light, providing accurate results for low turbidity samples every time.

CAL CHECK™ Calibration Validation

When performing chlorine measurements, you need to know that the instrument you are using is right on. With **HNNN**'s exclusive CAL CHECK™ feature you can now rest assured. Simply insert the factory calibrated standard of a known concentration and verify that your instrument is accurate.



Peace of mind.

With **HANNA**'s exclusive CAL CHECK™ validation function users are able to verify the performance of the instrument at any time. Taking just a few short steps, the validation procedure is user friendly and ensures that the meter is

properly calibrated. Just use the exclusive **HANNA** ready-made, NiST traceable standards to verify the performance of the instrument and recalibrate if necessary. All instruments are factory calibrated and the electronic and optical design minimizes the need for frequent calibration.

T.I.S. Tag Identification System

HNNN's exclusive T.I.S.—Tag Identification System simplifies test logging while retaining the management versatility users need to search, filter and export data. The system, designed for scientific and industrial applications, helps verify that samples have truly been taken at pre-established locations during safety audits and inspections.

T.I.S. is easy to install and operate. Just place the iButton® tags near your sampling sites that need to be regularly checked. Use these instruments to take measurements and memorize the test results by pressing the Log-on-Demand key. Then, the instrument will ask for the tag identification. These meters identify and authenticate logged data by storing the iButton® serial number, time and date stamp by simply touching the iButton® with the matching connector on the instruments. The number of tags that can be installed is unlimited, and each tag has a unique identification code. The management power of T.I.S. is utilized on the PC with



our HI 92000 Windows® compatible application software. Once the test data is downloaded to the PC, users can sort or filter all collected test data using different criteria such as specific sampling location, parameter, date and time intervals or fixed range to filter measured values. The data can be plotted in a graph, exported to other common Windows® applications or printed for reporting purposes. It is easy to add new tags later on to increase an already existing database. Each time the PC software recognizes a new tag, it will ask for a description of the new sampling location.

HANNA's T.I.S. system is the new revolution in simple and organized data management.



HI 98703 EPA Compliant Turbidity Meter HI 93414 EPA Compliant Turbidity and Chlorine Meter

SPECIFICATIONS

Range Selection Resolution Accuracy Repeatability Stray Light Typical EMC Deviation Light Detector Method Measuring mode Turbidity Standards Calibration Tw Free and Total Chlorin Range Range	
Resolution 0.0 Resolution 0.0 1 N Accuracy ±2 Repeatability ±1 Stray Light < Typical EMC Deviation ±0 Light Detector Sili Method Ra Ad Measuring mode No Turbidity Standards 1, Calibration Tw Free and Total Chlorin Range Free	01 NTU from 0.00 to 9.99 NTU; 0.1 NTU from 10.0 to 99.9 NTU; NTU from 100 to 1000 NTU 2% of reading plus 0.02 NTU 1% of reading or 0.02 NTU, whichever is greater 0.02 NTU 0.05 NTU licon Photocell atio Nephelometric Method (90°), ratio of scattered and transmitted light; daptation of the USEPA Method 180.1 and Standard Method 2130 B. ormal, Average, Continuous 10, 100 and 750 NTU vo, three or four-point calibration ne (HI 93414 only)
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Stray Light < Typical EMC Deviation ±C Light Detector Sill Method Ra Ad Measuring mode No Turbidity Standards 1, Calibration Tw Free and Total Chlorin Range Free	0.02 NTU 0.05 NTU llicon Photocell atio Nephelometric Method (90°), ratio of scattered and transmitted light; daptation of the USEPA Method 180.1 and Standard Method 2130 B. ormal, Average, Continuous 10, 100 and 750 NTU vo, three or four-point calibration ne (HI 93414 only)
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Calibration Tw Free and Total Chlorin Range Free	vo, three or four-point calibration ne (HI 93414 only)
Free and Total Chlorin Range	ne (HI 93414 only)
Range Fre	
0	
	ree Cl ₂ 0.00 to 5.00 mg/L; Total Cl ₂ 0.00 to 5.00 mg/L
Resolution 0.0	01 mg/L from 0.00 to 3.50 mg/L; 0.10 above 3.50 mg/L
Accuracy ±0	0.02 mg/L @ 1.00 mg/L
Typical EMC Deviation ±0	0.02 mg/L
Detector Sili	licon photocell with 525 nm narrow band interference filters
Method CI	daptation of the USEPA Method 330.5 and Standard Method 4500-I G. The reaction between chlorine and DPD reagent causes a pink at in the sample.
Standards 1 r	mg/L free chlorine, 1 mg/L total chlorine
Calibration Or	ne-point calibration
Common Specification	ns
Light Source Tur	ıngsten filament lamp
Lamp life Gr	reater than 100,000 readings
Display 60	0 x 90 mm LCD with back light
LOG Memory 20	00 records
Serial Interface US	SB 1.1 or RS 232
Environment To	50°C (122°F); max 95% RH non-condensing
Power Supply (4)) 1.5V AA alkaline batteries or AC adapter
Auto-off Aft	fter 15 minutes of non-use
Dimensions 22	24 x 87 x 77 mm (8.8 x 3.4 x 3.0")
Weight 51:	12 g (18 oz.)

ACCESSORIES

HI 710005 Voltage adapter

HI 731318 Tissue for wiping cuvets (4 pcs)

HI 731331 Glass cuvets (4 pcs)

HI 740027P 1.5V AA battery (12 pcs)

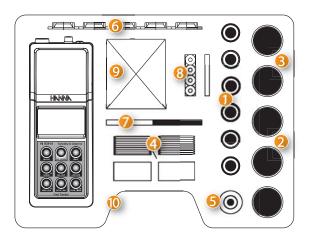
HI 92000 Windows® compatible software

HI 920005 5 tag holders with tags

HI 920011 5 to 9 pin RS232 connection cable

HI 93703-50 Cuvet cleaning solution (230 mL)





ORDERING INFORMATION

HI 93414 Portable Turbidity and Free/Total Chlorine & HI 98703 portable turbidity meters are supplied with

- 1 Five sample cuvets and caps
- 2 Three calibration cuvets for turbidimeter
- 3 Two calibration cuvets for colorimeter*
- 4 Reagent powder packets for free & total chlorine*
- 5 Silicone oil
- 6 Five tag holders with tags (HI 920005)
- Scissors
- 8 Batteries (4 pcs.)
- 9 AC adapter
- Rugged carrying case

Instruction manual

Quick reference guide

Instrument quality certificate

*HI 93414 onl

